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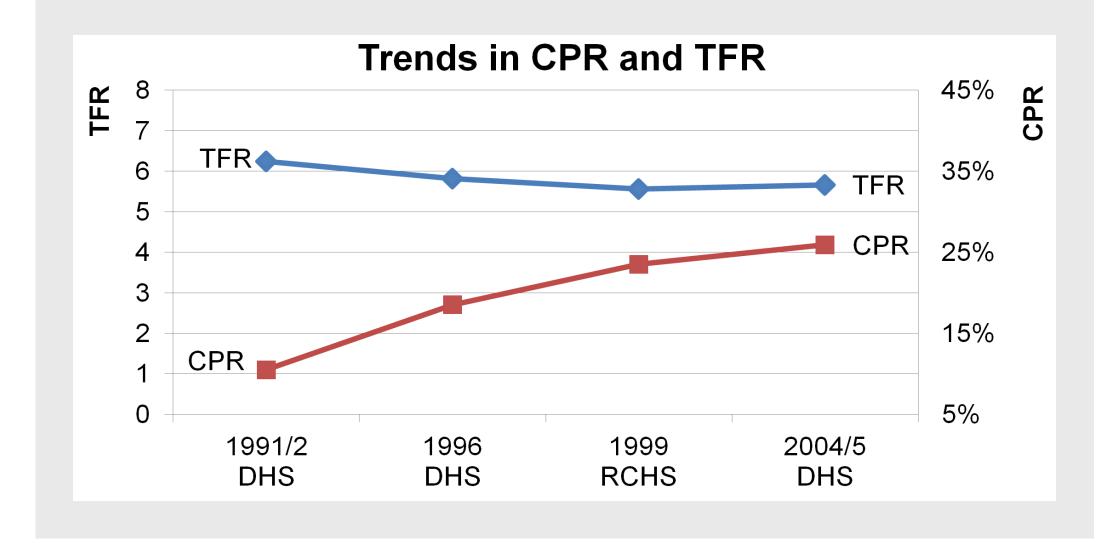
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Making Sense of Tanzania's Fertility: The Role of Contraceptive Use

Michelle Weinberger and Dr. Ernestina Coast

The issue

Contraceptive prevalence (CPR) has more than doubled since the early 1990s; yet the total fertility rate (TFR) remains high.



The question

What role have changes in contraceptive use and method mix played in determining fertility trends and differentials in Tanzania?

Methodology

Secondary analysis of:

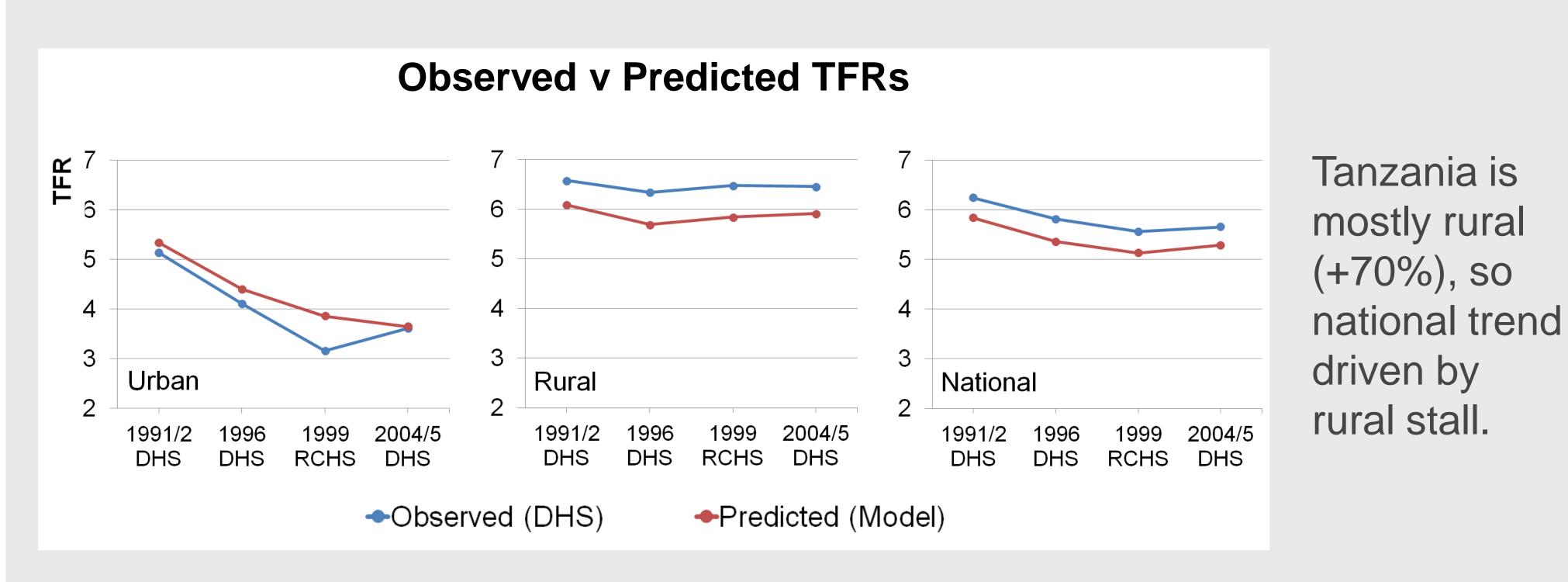
- Demographic and Health Surveys
 (DHS) (1991/2, 1996, 2004/5)*
- Reproductive and Child Health Survey (RCHS) (1999)

*At time of analysis the 2010 DHS was not yet available

Findings

Bongaarts' model suggests:

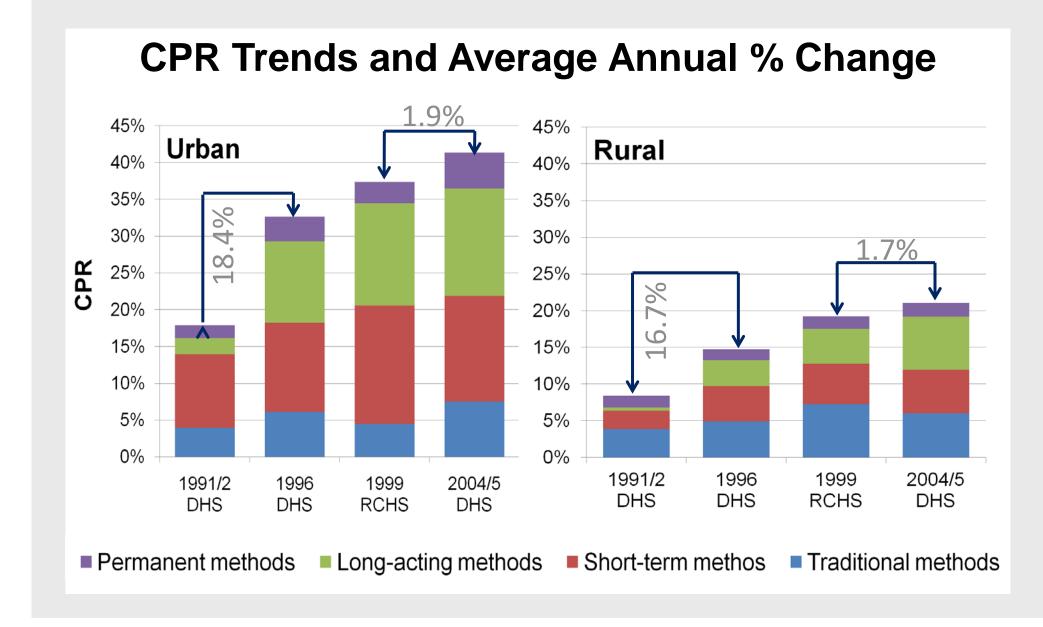
No fertility stall in urban areas, but fertility stall in rural areas



Drivers of the rural fertility stall =

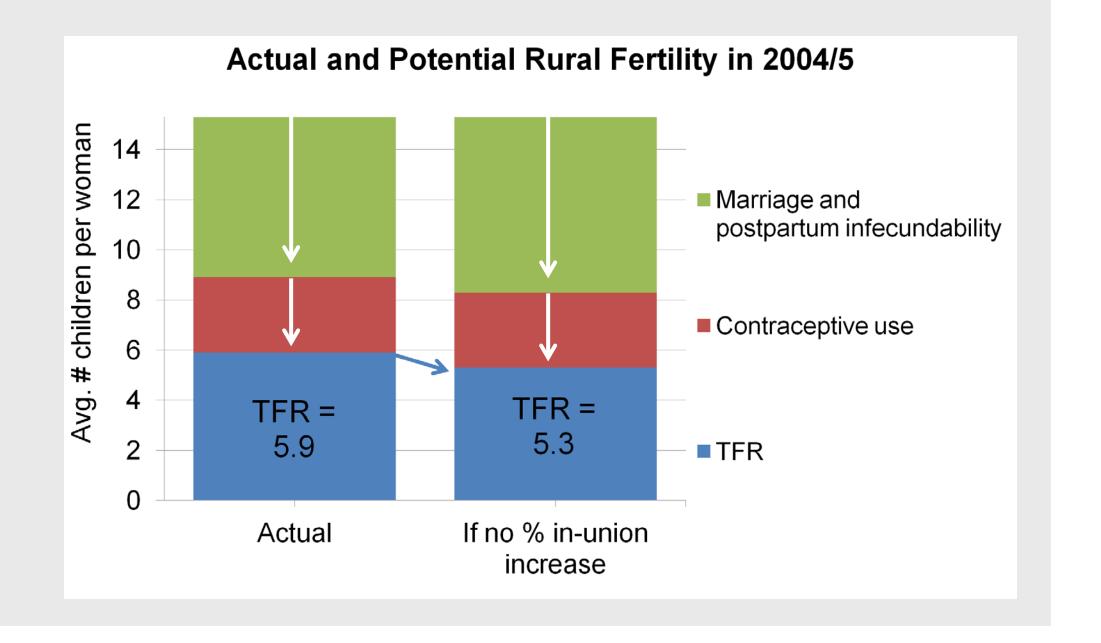
contraceptive use

Low CPR in rural areas + early growth in CPR and method mix effectiveness not sustained = less impact on decreasing TFR.



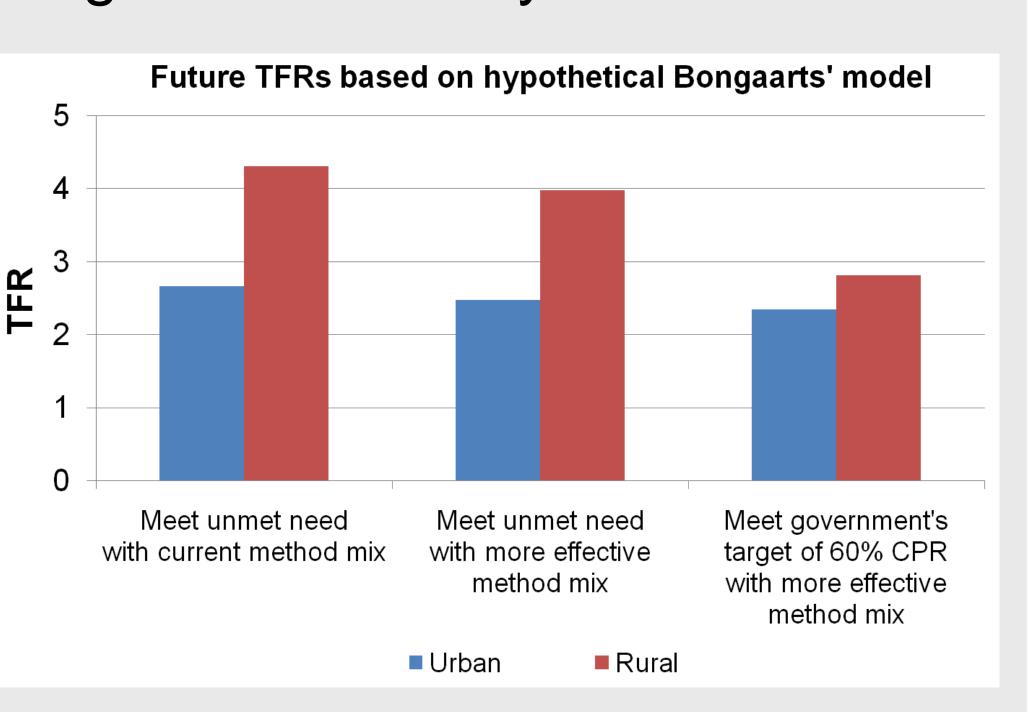
increase in % in-union

Rural CPR growth offset 1 in % in-union. Had % in-union not increased, rural TFR would have declined.



The future?

Future CPR increases will play large role in fertility decline:



Knowledge contribution

- Rural fertility stall exists, but, can be overcome
- Focus efforts on rural areas to close growing urban/rural gap
- •Government's effort to revitalize FP will play key role in promoting individual rights, slowed population growth, and improved development prospects.

From dissertation in fulfillment of MSc Population and Development

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